

# MULTI-RESIDENTIAL TOWNHOUSE MODEL EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Appraisal Cycle Date – January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2028

Effective Date of Valuation – January 1, 2023

Date of Report – March 5, 2025

## **Townhouse Rent Model**

	\$/	Month
Base Rent: (Three Bedroom Unit)	\$	1,536
Adjustments to Base Rent for units that include		
basement area:		
One Bedroom Unit	\$	(382)
Two Bedroom Unit	\$	(124)
Four Bedroom Unit	\$	266
Adjustments to Base Rent for units that do not		
include basement area:		
One Bedroom Unit	\$	(300)
Two Bedroom Unit	\$	(107)
Three Bedroom Unit	\$	(134)
Four Bedroom Unit	\$	(134)
Age:		
Calculated Age * Condition Rating per year (Calculated Age = 2023-Year Built)	\$	(7.18)
Misc:		
Unit Located in the semibasement or basement	\$	(382)
Location:		
Study Area 2610 (North West)	\$	-
Study Area 2620 (North)	\$	97
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	\$	(126)
Study Area 2640 (Downtown, Cathedral, Transitional)	\$	189
Study Area 2650 (East of Downtown)	\$	-
Study Area 2670 (South)	\$	277
Study Area 2680 (South East)	\$	-

# Vacancy

Suburbs (2610;2620;2670;2680)	2.0%
Inner City: (2630;2640;2650)	1.8%

## **Commercial Component Rent Model**

	\$/sq.ft.
Commercial Base Rent:	\$ 32.32
Adjustments to Base Rent:	
Basement or Semi-basement	\$ (7.56)
Condition: Calculated Age per year	
(Calculated Age= 2023-Effective Year	
Built*Condition Rating)	\$ (0.38)
Location:	
Study Area 2610 (North West)	\$ (2.95)
Study Area 2620 (North)	\$ (6.75)
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	\$ (6.75)
Study Area 2640 (Downtown,	\$ (5.40)
Study Area 2650 (East of	\$ (5.40)
Study Area 2670 (South)	\$ (2.95)
Study Area 2680 (South East)	\$ (2.95)

# **Commercial Vacancy**

Conditioned Effective Year Built prior to 1970	22.9%		
Conditioned Effective Year Built 1970 to 1999	8.08%		
Conditioned Effective Year Built post 1999	2.79%		
Vacancy calculation: Conditioned EYB(Conditioned Effective Year Built = 2023-Calculated Age) (Calculated age = 2023-effective year built * condition).			

# **Effective Gross Income Multiplier (EGIM)**

Description	EGIM
Base EGIM	8.080
Adjustments to EGIM	
Townhouse Developments Built prior to 1990	-3.833
Effective Year Built after 2009	2.951
Location:	
Study Area 2610 (North West)	=
Study Area 2620 (North)	-
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	-
Study Area 2640 (Downtown, Cathedral,	1.940
Transitional)	
Study Area 2650 (East of Downtown)	0.80
Study Area 2670 (South)	-
Study Area 2680 (South East)	-
Study Area 5207 (Industrial)	(2.711)

# **Assessment to Sale Ratio Summary Results**

Ratio Statistics for Assessment/Adjusted Price				
Number of Sales:	92			
Median:	1.005			
Coefficient of Dispersion	14.7%			

#### **MULTI-RESIDENTIAL MODEL**

#### **IDENTIFICATION of MODEL**

The Multi-Residential model is an income model that values all the multi-residential properties in Regina. Multi-residential properties include non-condominium properties with four or more units, and apartment units typically located on upper floors of office and retail properties.

The income approach, sometimes referred to as the rental income approach, is based on the theory that the value of the properties is based on the present worth of anticipated income. Estimating the value of an income-producing multi-residential property for assessment purposes is done by using the Effective Gross income Multiplier (EGIM) method of capitalization. An EGIM expresses the relationship between a property's income before expenses and its value. The effective gross income (EGI) is calculated using the potential gross income of the property (i.e. the rents), minus an allowance for vacancy. The sale price of a property that has sold, divided by the property's EGI, will determine an EGIM.

Sale Price / EGI = EGIM

Once the multipliers have been determined, they are applied to multi-residential properties to estimate value.

Value = Income (EGI) x Rate (EGIM)

#### PROPERTY TYPE DESCRIPTIONS

The multi-residential properties in Regina can be grouped into three distinct building types.

**Low-Rise Apartment** – building less than 6 stories and consisting of four or more rentable units. These buildings either have a common entrance or entrances to the building, with access to the units from an interior hallway (Apartment Style), or without common entrance to the building with individual access to the units (Garden Style).

**High-Rise Apartment** – building with 6 stories or more and consisting of four or more rentable units. There is a common entrance or entrances to the building, units are accessed from an interior hallway. These buildings typically have elevators.

**Townhouse Apartment** – buildings are typically two-story buildings with basements; basements may or may not contain a separate unit. Each unit has private entrances.

Separate rental models are developed for each of these property types.

#### **IDENTIFICATION of MODEL AREA**

The Multi-Residential model is a city-wide model in application. There are seven distinct multi-residential neighbourhoods located within the city of Regina municipal boundaries each with varying types and ages of multi-residential buildings, land sizes and locational characteristics. These neighbourhoods are defined on the enclosed map and are individually described below.

#### Neighbourhood 2610

Neighbourhood 2610 is located in Northwest Regina and is bordered on its south side by 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue North between Pasqua Street and Courtney Street, and by the Canadian Pacific (CP) tracks between Courtney Street and the western municipal boundary of the city. Between Pasqua Street and Albert Street, the south boundary lies behind the subdivision known as Argyle Park; between Albert Street and Winnipeg Street, the south boundary wraps around north boundary of the Uplands subdivision. The east boundaries are Pasqua Street, 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue North and the city's municipal boundaries north of 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue North; south of 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue North, the east boundary is Courtney Street. The north and west boundaries are the city's municipal boundaries.

There are 31 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. The majority (71 percent) of these developments are low-rise apartment buildings, with the remaining being townhouse developments. These buildings were constructed between 1977 and 2023, reflecting an average year built of 2006. Developments range in size from 12 units to 200 units, with an average unit count of 74.

#### Neighbourhood 2620

Neighbourhood 2620 encompasses properties located in north and west Regina. This neighbourhood is located east and south of Neighbourhood 2610 and is bordered on its south side by Dewdney Avenue west of Lewvan Drive to Courtney Street, and the CN tracks east of Lewvan Drive to Winnipeg Street. The west boundaries are Catherwood Crescent south to 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue North, then Pasqua Street south to 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue North, then Courtney Street from 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue North south to the CP tracks. The east boundary is Winnipeg Street from Kowalchuk Crescent south to the CN tracks and then Lewvan Drive from there to the CP tracks.

There are 149 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. The vast majority (84 percent) of these developments are low-rise apartment buildings, with a scattering of townhouse developments (16 percent). These buildings were constructed between 1950 and 2023, reflecting an average year built of 1970. Developments range in size from 4 units to 361 units, with an average unit count of 26.

#### Neighbourhood 2630

Neighbourhood 2630 encompasses properties located in north central Regina. This neighbourhood is located east and south of Neighbourhood 2620 and is best described in three parts. One part lies west of Broad Street to Courtney Street, bordered on the south by Saskatchewan Drive to Lewvan, and the Creek west of Lewvan; the north boundary is CN tracks to Lewvan, Dewdney Avenue to Courtney. The second part lies between Broad and Winnipeg Street, bordered by Victoria Avenue to the south and the CN tracks to the north. The third part lies east of Winnipeg Street, with McDonald Street being the east boundary, again between Saskatchewan Drive and 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

There are 65 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. Approximately 83 percent of these developments are low-rise apartment buildings, with the remaining being townhouse developments. These buildings were constructed between 1909 and 2019, reflecting an average year built of 1977. Developments range in size from 4 units to 51 units, with an average unit count of 15.

#### Neighbourhood 2640

Neighbourhood 2640 encompasses properties located in central Regina, encompassing the downtown area, the Cathedral area and the Transitional area. This neighbourhood is bordered on the south side by Wascana Lake and Wascana Creek, the west boundary is Lewvan Drive The north boundary is Saskatchewan Drive between Wascana Creek and Broad Street, then Victoria Avenue from Albert Street to Winnipeg Street, which is the east boundary for the neighbourhood.

There are 158 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. The vast majority (70 percent) of these developments are low-rise apartment buildings; the remaining 30 percent is split between townhouse developments and high-rise developments (13 percent and 17 percent respectively). These buildings were constructed between 1910 and 2021, reflecting an average year built of 1964. Developments range in size from four (4) units to 316 units, with an average unit count of 38.

#### Neighbourhood 2650

Neighbourhood 2650 lies immediately east of central Regina. This neighbourhood is bordered on the south side by Wascana Lake between Winnipeg Street and the Ring Road. The north boundary is the CP tracks, the west boundary is Winnipeg Street, and the east boundary is the Ring Road.

There are 59 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. These developments are predominately low-rise apartment buildings (97 percent); the remaining are townhouse developments. These buildings were constructed between 1945 and 2015, reflecting an average year built of 1966. Developments range in size from four (4) units to 141 units, with an average unit count of 12.

#### Neighbourhood 2670

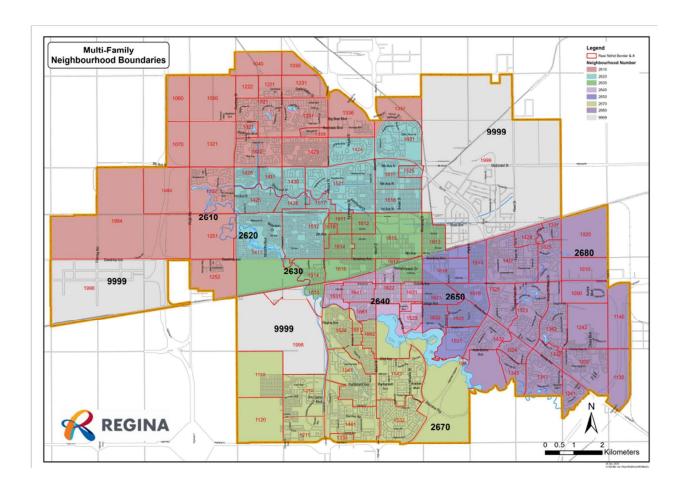
Neighbourhood 2670 is located in south Regina and is bordered entirely on the north side by Wascana Lake and Wascana Creek. The City's municipal boundary forms both the south and east boundaries of this neighbourhood. The west boundary is Lewvan drive from the creek to 25<sup>th</sup> Avenue, and thereafter the City's municipal boundaries.

There are 184 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. Low-rise apartment buildings (92 percent) are the dominate development type; the remaining are townhouse and high-rise developments (6 percent and 2 percent). These buildings were constructed between 1954 and 2021, reflecting an average year built of 1969. Developments range in size from four (4) units to 314 units, with an average unit count of 29.

#### Neighbourhood 2680

Neighbourhood 2680 is located in southeast Regina and is bordered on the north by the CP tracks; the south boundary is Wascana Creek and the city's municipal boundaries. The west boundary is the Ring Road; the east boundary is the city's municipal boundaries.

There are 155 multi-residential developments in this neighbourhood. The majority of these developments are townhouse developments (70 percent); the remaining, low-rise apartment buildings (30 percent). These buildings were constructed between 1975 and 2023, reflecting an average year built of 2011. Developments range in size from four (4) units to 222 units, with an average unit count of 25.



#### **SCOPE of DATA and ANALYSIS**

2025 is a revaluation year meaning all properties within Regina are valued as of January 1, 2023. Prior to 2023, the City Assessor requested copies of 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 rent rolls for all non-residential properties to develop a Mass Appraisal Net Rent Model.

A total of 12,825 multi-residential rents were analyzed using multiple regression analysis. The rent model is an additive model that predicts rents based on the type of unit and other factors such as the effective age of the building, location of the building, location of the unit within the building.

#### Multi-Residential Rental Summary Results

Multi-Residential Rental Summary Statistics								
Property Type	Count	Count Minimum Maximum Mean				Median		
High-Rise	1,121	\$	600	\$	1,815	\$	1,062	\$ 990
Low-Rise	10,356	\$	502	\$	2,035	\$	1,077	\$ 1,025
Mixed Use	108	\$	550	\$	1,800	\$	817	\$ 797
Townhouse	1,240	\$	740	\$	2,035	\$	1,294	\$ 1,299

The following table provides specific breakdown of the Townhouse rents along with statistical measurements.

2023 Base Year Townhouse Rental Model Summary Statistics - General							
Strata Count Min Max Mean Me							
Overall	1,240	1,294	1,299	740	2,035		
Unit Type - Unit Includes basement area							
One Bedroom Unit	4	885	900	750	990		
Two Bedroom Unit	247	1,211	1,206	800	1,660		
Three Bedroom Unit	602	1,341	1,352	750	1,850		
Four Plus Bedroom Unit	14	1,697	1,714	1,479	1,989		
Unit Type - Unit does not include basement area							
One Bedroom Unit	82	1,028	899	740	1,695		
Two Bedroom Unit	105	1,213	1,050	850	2,025		
Three Plus Bedroom Unit	186	1,393	1,390	1,050	2,035		
Unit Location							
Unit Located in a basement or semi-basement	177	740	1,350	982	999		
Building Characteristics:							
One Storey Townhouse	58	750	1,265	1,202	1,250		
Two Storey Townhouse	1,055	740	2,035	1,307	1,339		
Garden Style	127	875	1,600	1,224	1,250		
Building Location:							
Study Area 2610 (North West)	47	800	1,740	1,255	1,275		
Study Area 2620 (North)	184	750	1,819	1,316	1,284		
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	4	750	950	888	925		
Study Area 2640 (Downtown, Cathedral,	326	984	1,850	1,319	1,319		
Transitional)							
Study Area 2670 (South)	132	900	2,035	1,539	1,479		
Study Area 2680 (South East)	547	740	1,609	1,219	1,265		

#### **Townhouse Rent Model**

	S/N	Month
Base Rent: (Three Bedroom Unit)	S	1,536
Adjustments to Base Rent for units that include		
basement area:		
One Bedroom Unit	S	(382)
Two Bedroom Unit	S	(124)
Four Bedroom Unit	S	266
Adjustments to Base Rent for units that do not	$\top$	
include basement area:	$\perp$	
One Bedroom Unit	S	(300)
Two Bedroom Unit	S	(107)
Three Bedroom Unit	S	(134)
Four Bedroom Unit	S	(134)
Age:	Т	
Calculated Age * Condition Rating per year (Calculated Age = 2023-Year Built)	S	(7.18)
Misc:	$\top$	
Unit Located in the semibasement or basement	S	(382)
Location:		
Study Area 2610 (North West)	S	-
Study Area 2620 (North)	S	97
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	S	(126)
Study Area 2640 (Downtown, Cathedral, Transitional)	S	189
Study Area 2650 (East of Downtown)	S	-
Study Area 2670 (South)	S	277
Study Area 2680 (South East)	S	-

## **Condition Rating**

The condition of buildings and structures is determined by taking into consideration the remaining economic life of the depreciated physical components of the property including both short-lived and long-lived items.

## **Condition Rating Chart**

Poor	1.3
Below Average	1.15
Average	1.0
Above Average	0.9
Good	0.8
Very Good	0.7
Superior	0.6
Excellent	0.5

## **Townhouse Vacancy**

The typical 2023 vacancy was estimated from the returned rent rolls and indicated an adjustment of 1.8% for the inner city; 2.0% for the suburbs (Study Area 2610;2620;2670;2680)

#### **Commercial Component Rent Model**

	\$/sq.ft.
Commercial Base Rent:	\$ 32.32
Adjustments to Base Rent:	
Basement or Semi-basement	\$ (7.56)
Condition: Calculated Age per year	
(Calculated Age= 2023-Effective Year Built*Condition Rating)	\$ (0.38)
Location:	
Study Area 2610 (North West)	\$ (2.95)
Study Area 2620 (North)	\$ (6.75)
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	\$ (6.75)
Study Area 2640 (Downtown,	\$ (5.40)
Study Area 2650 (East of	\$ (5.40)
Study Area 2670 (South)	\$ (2.95)
Study Area 2680 (South East)	\$ (2.95)

#### **Commercial Vacancy**

Conditioned Effective Year Built prior to 1970	22.9%		
Conditioned Effective Year Built 1970 to 1999	8.08%		
Conditioned Effective Year Built post 1999	2.79%		
Vacancy calculation: Conditioned EYB(Conditioned Effective Year Built = 2023-Calculated Age) (Calculated age = 2023-effective year built * condition).			

The typical 2023 vacancy was estimated from the returned rent rolls and indicated the adjustments as set out in the table above.

#### **Gross Income Multiplier and Adjustments**

Gross income multipliers were estimated by dividing the predicted 2023 net operating income generated from the rent model by adjusted sale prices. The 92 sales used in the analysis occurred between January 1, 2018 and December 31, 2022. The sales were verified by mailing questionnaires to both vendors and purchasers. Sales were adjusted for chattels as reported; an analysis of 68 sales reporting chattels indicated an median of .99 percent; a one (1) percent adjustment was applied to those sales where no adjustment was reported. The sales were also adjusted to reflect the market as of the base date January 1, 2023.

The reconciliation process for the resulting income multipliers involved reviewing multiple regression analysis results and reviewing results based on actual reported incomes.

The effective gross income multiplier analysis involved 92 sales, detailed in the following table.

	2023 Base Year Sale	es - Janua	ary 1, 2018	B to E	December 31	, 202	2	
								Effective
							Potential	Gross
		Sale	Sale			Eff	ective Gross	Income
ACC_ID	Civic Address	Month	Year	Ad	justed Price		Income	Multiplier
10037124	2720 COLLEGE AVENUE	12	2020	\$	10,890,563	\$	832,300	13.08
10054878	4525 RAE STREET	9	2018	\$	5,250,716	\$	688,000	7.63
10007959	18 SCHEMMER BAY	2	2022	\$	2,174,152	\$	300,700	7.23
10007961	2140 9TH AVENUE N	10	2022	\$	2,376,123	\$	291,400	8.15
10007963	34 KLEISINGER CRESCENT	10	2021	\$	9,337,782	\$	1,012,000	9.23
10007964	45 KLEISINGER CRESCENT	8	2022	\$	2,674,638	\$	299,400	8.93
10007967	1940 9TH AVENUE N	4	2021	\$	1,708,088	\$	277,700	6.15
10007969	27 KLEISINGER CRESCENT	12	2018	\$	5,160,994	\$	545,500	9.46
10012306	15 ANGUS ROAD	12	2019	\$	1,635,792	\$	204,100	8.01
10012333	19 SHAW STREET	9	2022	\$	1,045,494	\$	148,800	7.03
10012336	16 SHAW STREET	2	2022	\$	1,237,564	\$	213,100	5.81
10012436	139 ANGUS ROAD	4	2021	\$	2,611,135	\$	267,600	9.76
10012833	443 N LORNE STREET	2	2022	\$	1,630,084	\$	202,000	8.07
10012921	2250 7TH AVENUE N	4	2022	\$	1,645,085	\$	202,500	8.12
10012928	411 N LORNE STREET	3	2021	\$	1,662,586	\$	204,200	8.14
10016532	3525 AVONHURST DRIVE	10	2020	\$	7,415,383	\$	837,400	8.86
10016639	2711 5TH AVENUE N	11	2021	\$	1,622,584	\$	206,200	7.87
10019961	936 MCINTOSH STREET	3	2019	\$	819,508	\$	134,600	6.09
10019981	817 EMPRESS STREET	8	2021	\$	750,039	\$	90,800	8.26
10019984	831 EMPRESS STREET	8	2018	\$	570,658	\$	53,800	10.61
10019998	815 GREY STREET	6	2021	\$	474,425	\$	59,400	7.99
10023604	1108 EMPRESS STREET	1	2018	\$	386,996	\$	45,200	8.56
10023611	1213 EMPRESS STREET	7	2019	\$	211,615	\$	45,200	4.68
10023611	1213 EMPRESS STREET	8	2022	\$	442,553	\$	49,500	8.94
10023625	1106 MCINTOSH STREET	10	2021	\$	695,034	\$	86,700	8.02
10024083	4731 4TH AVENUE	1	2021	\$	358,691	\$	38,500	9.32
10024087	4641 4TH AVENUE	11	2020	\$	208,011	\$	38,500	5.40
10024090	4611 4TH AVENUE	4	2022	\$	336,617	\$	36,800	9.15
10026389	1276 RAE STREET	2	2021	\$	545,028	\$	98,700	5.52
10026668	1440 ANGUS STREET	10	2019	\$	2,497,669	\$	298,700	8.36
10031594	1560 ALEXANDRA STREET	4	2021	\$	971,050	\$	92,000	10.55
10031881	1900 GARNET STREET	9	2022	\$	987,051	\$	88,000	11.22
10031901	3104 VICTORIA AVENUE	7	2021	\$	1,584,082	\$	178,500	8.87
10032048	1855 RAE STREET	11	2021	\$	822,542	\$	107,000	7.69
10032478	2731 9TH AVENUE	5	2018	\$	618,008	\$	93,800	6.59
10032756	1424 VICTORIA AVENUE	12	2018	\$	2,162,389	\$	345,700	6.26
10032802	1956 MONTREAL STREET	11	2018	\$	479,202	\$	52,300	9.16
10037066	2078 GARNET STREET	6	2021	\$	988,051	\$	80,900	12.21
10037375	2220 ROBINSON STREET	12	2018	\$	8,608,259	\$	904,900	9.51
10037696	2025 ROSE STREET	3	2018	\$	3,026,985	\$	311,000	9.73
10037850	2270 CORNWALL STREET	9	2020	\$	2,088,106	\$	198,300	10.53
10038304	2150 OSLER STREET	8	2021	\$	824,543	\$	91,800	8.98
10040114	5 VAUGHN STREET	8	2022	\$	1,430,574	\$	169,500	8.44
10040117	27 VAUGHN STREET	4	2022	\$	2,559,629	\$	292,100	8.76
10040119	85 FROOM CRESCENT	9	2019	\$	3,878,894	\$	584,600	6.64

2023 Base Year Sales - January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2022								
								Effective
							Potential	Gross
		Sale	Sale			Effe	ctive Gross	Income
ACC_ID	Civic Address	Month	Year		ljusted Price		ncome	Multiplier
10040156	114 FROOM CRESCENT	8	2022	\$	2,425,625	\$	263,300	9.21
10040158	102 FROOM CRESCENT	11	2022	\$	1,548,080	\$	183,200	8.45
	40 FROOM CRESCENT	12	2018	\$	5,062,282	\$	518,500	9.76
	18 FROOM CRESCENT	7	2021	\$	598,031	\$	70,000	8.54
	3809 PRINCESS DRIVE	8	2021	\$	441,022	\$	53,600	8.23
	3815 PRINCESS DRIVE	9	2020	\$	522,027	\$	62,100	8.41
	3800 REGINA AVENUE	1	2020	\$	964,355	\$	125,700	7.67
10041381	3812 REGINA AVENUE	5	2018	\$	578,192	\$	61,700	9.37
	2801 OTTAWA STREET	2	2021	\$	518,027	\$	34,800	14.89
	2439 HARVEY STREET	11	2022	\$	523,527	\$	58,000	9.03
	2425 HARVEY STREET	3	2019	\$	910,054	\$	126,600	7.19
	420 E 17TH AVENUE	7	2021	\$	291,015	\$	39,300	7.40
	401 E COLLEGE AVENUE	4	2018	\$	720,124	\$	84,200	8.55
	3218 WESTGATE AVENUE	9	2022	\$	579,528	\$	60,300	9.61
	3319 ARGYLE ROAD	12	2018	\$	4,057,737	\$	420,000	9.66
	4176 RAE STREET	6	2020	\$	443,543	\$	52,800	8.40
	3008 PARLIAMENT AVENUE	11	2018	\$	1,489,654	\$	199,100	7.48
	3842 RAE STREET	8	2022	\$	361,369	\$	48,000	7.53
	3940 RAE STREET	2	2018	\$	1,106,791	\$	130,100	8.51
	3820 RETALLACK STREET	2	2019	\$	307,562	\$	49,900	6.16
10053208	3820 RETALLACK STREET	12	2020	\$	389,020	\$	52,100	7.47
	3848 RETALLACK STREET	12	2018	\$	1,874,210	\$	258,700	7.24
	3870 RETALLACK STREET	5	2019	\$	939,681	\$	142,200	6.61
	3870 RETALLACK STREET	3	2021	\$	1,083,056	\$	142,200	7.62
	2524 PARLIAMENT AVENUE	1	2020	\$	1,108,061	\$	137,500	8.06
	127 PROCTER PLACE	1	2018	\$	2,729,253	\$	295,800	9.23
	34 SPENCE STREET	12	2018	\$	4,491,352	\$	582,100	7.72
10054865	2755 31ST AVENUE	4	2018	\$	2,560,442	\$	314,900	8.13
10087102	3102 EDINBURGH DRIVE	10	2021	\$	11,029,470	\$	1,179,800	9.35
	5960 LITTLE PINE LOOP	10	2018	\$	10,540,163	\$	1,070,100	9.85
	1291 N MCEACHERN DRIVE	10	2018	\$	18,380,632	\$	1,729,100	10.63
	5200 PARLIAMENT AVENUE	6	2021	\$	49,917,635	\$	3,957,600	12.61
	126 FROOM CRESCENT	1	2019	\$	5,585,727	\$	499,300	11.19
	6222 DEWDNEY AVENUE	1	2022	\$	495,024	\$	74,443	6.65
	3504 DEWDNEY AVENUE	2	2019	\$	395,304	,	32,109	12.31
	1347 WINNIPEG STREET	3	2019	\$	254,815	\$	52,433	4.86
	436 DEWDNEY AVENUE	4	2018	\$	298,116	\$	49,721	6.00
	436 DEWDNEY AVENUE	4	2022	\$	340,578	\$	49,721	6.85
	1602 12TH AVENUE	8	2021	\$	524,727	\$	75,002	7.00
	828 VICTORIA AVENUE	11	2018	\$	195,450	\$	19,523	10.01
	401 VICTORIA AVENUE	10	2018	\$	529,847	\$	49,926	10.61
	1225 E 14TH AVENUE	9	2020	\$	413,841	\$	46,533	8.89
	1400 ARGYLE STREET	11	2018	\$	405,617	\$	66,123	6.13
	3822 E 7TH AVENUE	1	2021	\$	396,020	\$	71,915	5.51
	3830 E 7TH AVENUE	1	2022	\$	277,214	\$	71,915	3.85
	1222 15TH AVENUE	11	2022	\$	435,022	\$	126,712	3.43
10065646	898 RETALLACK STREET	6	2022	\$	130,000	\$	21,120	6.16

The reconciliation process for determining economic gross income multiplier strata primarily involved multiple regression analysis, supported by a consultation process with individuals active in the Regina real estate market. Recognized published gross income multiplier data were also reviewed. The economic gross income multipliers are as follow:

Description	EGIM
Base EGIM	8.080
Adjustments to EGIM	
Townhouse Developments Built prior to 1990	-3.833
Effective Year Built after 2009	2.951
Location:	
Study Area 2610 (North West)	-
Study Area 2620 (North)	-
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	-
Study Area 2640 (Downtown, Cathedral,	1.940
Transitional)	
Study Area 2650 (East of Downtown)	0.80
Study Area 2670 (South)	_
Study Area 2680 (South East)	_
Study Area 5207 (Industrial)	(2.711)

#### **MODEL TESTING**

In mass appraisal, the most effective means of evaluating the accuracy of appraisals is a ratio study. A ratio study compares the appraised values produced by the valuation models to arm's length sale transactions in the marketplace.

The legislated statistical requirement affecting the assessment of multi-residential properties in Saskatchewan is for the median ratio of a city-wide assessment-to-sale ratio study to be within the range of 0.95 to 1.05.

The primary measure of appraisal uniformity in ratio studies is the Coefficient of Dispersion (COD). Low CODs tend to be associated with good appraisal uniformity. The COD also indirectly measures the quality of the appraisal process by which mass appraisal modelled values are developed.

The median assessment-to-sale ratio and Coefficient of Dispersion for this Multi-Residential Model is provided below:

Ratio Statistics for Assessment/Adjusted Price				
Number of Sales:	92			
Median:	1.005			
Coefficient of Dispersion	14.7%			

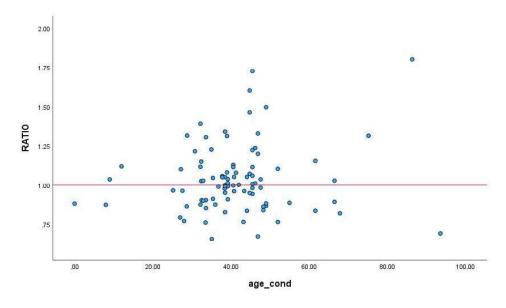
Additional statistical analysis can be performed, subject to sufficiency of available data, to ensure uniformity among characteristics found throughout the analyzed properties. The most common tools used are the ratio statistics, scatterplots and non-parametric tests.

Ratio Statistics by Study Area (Location):

Ratio Statistics for MRAVAL / TASP by Study Area (Location)						
Stratification	# of obs.	Median	COD			
Study Area 2610 (North West)	2	1.079	0.038			
Study Area 2620 (North)	28	0.998	0.158			
Study Area 2630 (North Central)	8	0.924	0.245			
Study Area 2640 (Downtown,	12	1.041	0.230			
Cathedral, Transitional)						
Study Area 2650 (East of Downtown)	15	1.013	0.104			
Study Area 2670 (South)	21	1.003	0.093			
Study Area 2680 (South East)	3	0.864	0.127			
Study Area 5207 (Industrial)	3	1.029	0.066			
Overall	92	1.005	0.147			

A scatterplot is a graphical analysis used to display the dispersion of an entire array of ASR ratio results for non-categorical, or linear, characteristics such as area or age.

# Condition Age with Ratio



In mass appraisal, the two most widely used non-parametric tests are the Kruskal-Wallis test and the Mann-Whitney Test. The Kruskal-Wallis test is used when there are two or more groups being tested and the Mann-Whitney test is used when there is only one group being tested. In mass appraisal, both tests are used to determine if the Assessment to Sales Ratios (ASR's) of the groups are statistically different. The assumption in both tests (null hypothesis) is that the distribution of the ASR's for the group(s) being tested are not different.

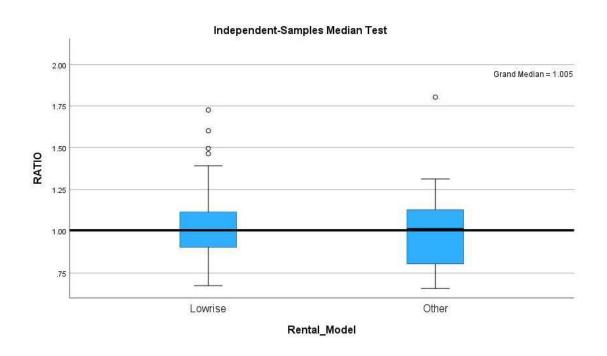
If the distribution of the ratio is the same among the different classifications, the model is assumed to be unbiased

Rental classifications, low-rise (predominate) vs. other (Townhouse, Highrise, Mixed Use):

		Hypothesis Test Summary		
	Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.a,b	Decision
1	The distribution of RATIO is the same across categories of Rental_Model.	Independent-Samples Mann- Whitney U Test	.628	Retain the null hypothesis.

a. The significance level is .050.

b. Asymptotic significance is displayed.



# Quality:

## **Hypothesis Test Summary**

	Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig. <sup>a,b</sup>	Decision
1	The distribution of RATIO is the same across categories of QUAL2.	Independent-Samples Mann- Whitney U Test	.437	Retain the null hypothesis.

a. The significance level is .050.

b. Asymptotic significance is displayed.

